



125 AMP BATTERY LOAD TESTER



WARNING:

Read carefully and understand all **ASSEMBLY AND OPERATION INSTRUCTIONS** before operating. Failure to follow the safety rules and other basic safety precautions may result in serious personal injury.

Item# 37800

Thank you very much for choosing a Ironton product! For future reference, please complete the owner's record below:

Model: _____ Purchase Date: _____

Save the receipt, warranty and these instructions. It is important that you read the entire manual to become familiar with this product before you begin using it.

This battery tester is designed for certain applications only. The distributor cannot be responsible for issues arising from modification. We strongly recommend this machine not be modified and/or used for any application other than that for which it was designed. If you have any questions relative to a particular application, DO NOT use the machine until you have first contacted the distributor to determine if it can or should be performed on the product.

For technical questions please call **1-800-222-5381**.

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Capability	12V DC battery tester with charging system output
Load Test Capacity	125 Amps; 200-1000 Cold Cranking Amps (CCA)
Digital LED Display	Analog, 0-16V DC (maximum)
Test Cycle	5 seconds per test with 1 minute cool down; up to 3 tests in 5 minutes
Overall Dimensions	11-1/2" L x 7" W x 3-1/4" D
Features	5S auto cutoff and CCA set

GENERAL SAFETY RULES



WARNING: Read and understand all instructions. Failure to follow all instructions listed below may result in serious injury.



CAUTION: Do not allow persons to operate or assemble this battery tester until they have read this manual and have developed a thorough understanding of how the battery tester works.



WARNING: The warnings, cautions, and instructions discussed in this instruction manual cannot cover all possible conditions or situations that could occur. It must be understood by the operator that common sense and caution are factors which cannot be built into this product, but must be supplied by the operator.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS


IMPORTANT SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

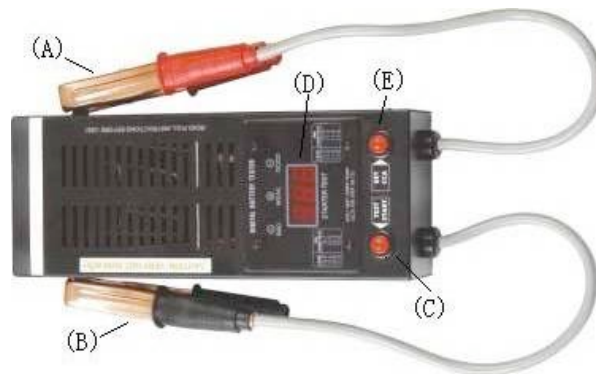
SPECIFIC SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

1. Keep your work area clean and well lit. Cluttered benches and dark areas invite accidents.
2. Do not operate power tools in explosive atmospheres, such as in the presence of flammable liquids, gases, or dust. Power tools create sparks, which may ignite the dust or fumes.
3. Keep bystanders, children, and visitors away while operating a power tool. Distractions can cause you to lose control. Protect others in the work area from debris such as chips and sparks. Provide barriers or shields as needed.
4. Do not force the tool. Use the correct tool for your application. The correct tool will do the job better and safer at the rate for which it is designed.
5. Do not use the power tool if the Power Switch does not turn it on or off. Any tool that cannot be controlled with the Power Switch is dangerous and must be replaced.
6. Store idle tools out of reach of children and other untrained persons. Tools are dangerous in the hands of untrained users.
7. Maintain tools with care. Keep clean. Do not use a damaged tool. Tag damaged tools “Do not use” until repaired.
8. Tool service must be performed only by qualified repair personnel. Service or maintenance performed by unqualified personnel could result in a risk of injury.
9. Maintain labels and nameplates on this tool. These carry important information. If unreadable or missing, contact us for a replacement.
10. Always wear ANSI approved safety impact eye goggles and heavy work gloves when using this tool. Using personal safety devices reduce the risk for injury. Safety impact eye goggles and heavy work gloves are available from us.
11. Maintain a safe working environment. Keep the work area well lit. Make sure there is adequate surrounding workspace. Always keep the work area free of obstructions, grease, oil, trash, and other debris. Do not use this tool in areas near flammable chemicals, dusts, and vapors. Do not use this product in a damp or wet location.
12. People with pacemakers should consult their physicians before using this product. Electromagnetic fields in close proximity to a heart pacemaker could cause interference to or failure of the pacemaker.
13. Caution is necessary when near the coil, spark plug cables, or distributor of a running engine. The engine should always be off if adjustments are to be made of the distributor.
14. When connecting the Battery Cables to the battery, avoid creating sparks — always connect and disconnect clamps exactly as described in rule number 15 below, especially when the battery is being charged. Explosive gases are created during charging. Sparking could also damage the vehicle’s electrical system.
15. Be certain of the test battery polarity before connecting the test Cable Clamps. The red Cable Clamp (A) goes to the positive terminal of the battery. The black Cable

- Clamp (B) goes to the negative terminal of the battery.
16. When placing the Battery Tester in the vehicle (on the frame, engine, or fender), take special care that the metal housing of the Battery Tester does not come in contact with either terminal of the battery or other electrical connections.
 17. Do not drop the Battery Tester, as it may affect proper operation.
 18. Do not smoke or have open flames near the battery.
 19. Reversing Battery Tester Cable Clamps on the battery will damage the tester.
 20. Do not connect the Battery Tester to the battery while the battery is being charged. Turn the engine off before connecting.
 21. Do not touch the cooling vents on the Battery Tester after testing the battery. They become very hot.


OPERATION

 **CAUTION: This Battery Tester becomes very hot during use. Touching it will result in serious burns.**



Testing the Battery

Note: The temperature of the battery will affect the testing data. It will test lower when cold than when warm. Never test or charge a frozen battery.

 **CAUTION: Wear rubber gloves (not included) whenever working with the Battery Tester or batteries.**

Note: Before any testing, make sure to clean the battery contacts.

1. **Make sure the vehicle is not running.** Connect the red (+) Clamp (A) to the positive (+) terminal post on the battery. Connect the black (-) Clamp (B) to the negative (-) terminal post on the battery. If it is less than 12V on a 12V battery, disconnect the battery and recharge before testing, check your battery CCA first, then adjust the Set CCA button (E) to correspond with the CCA of the battery. Push the CCA button (increments of 100) until the CCA that matches your battery appears. (This machine can test battery under 1000CCA, If reaching 999 CCA , LED Window (D) will display “AAA” .)
2. Check the Battery Tester Led Window (D) to determine effectiveness of charge. If the Battery Tester does not register and no display is seen, double check that the

Clamps are connected to the proper terminal posts. Make certain a clean connection has been made between the Clamps and terminal posts.

3. Push and release the Test Start button(C), a solid and consistent measurement is indicated by the Battery Tester. Within five seconds, read the LED Window display. Do not test more than three times in a five minute period. Allow one minute for cool down between tests.

Note: If a battery does not have the charge expected, have a qualified technician check the specific gravity. There may be an electrical drain or charging system trouble. If charging does not raise the specific gravity, you may have a defective battery.

Additional Operation Information

Analyzing test results by color display: The Battery Tester will measure battery output/charge in two ways. The three lights above the LED Window (D) will indicate a color telling you the general condition of the battery.


<p>Red = Bad, No Charge, or Completely Discharged Yellow = Weak, Needs Recharging Green = Good or Normal – Has Existing Charge</p>

4. If the battery is without significant charge, charge it and check it again under load. The battery should measure 75% of Open-Circuit Voltage. 75% can be considered fully charged. If the charging rate reaches at least 75%, but fails to reach 75% during the load test, it needs replacing. Refer to the table below for 12 Volt battery percentages:

Open Circuit Voltage (V): Less than 11.7V	12V	12.2V	12.4V	12.4V +	
Battery Charge Percentage	0%	20%	50%	75%	100%

5. When test is complete, remove Black Clamp (-) from battery first; then remove Red Clamp (+).

Testing the Charging System-Alternator/ Regulator Output:

 **WARNING:** When testing a system in a car/truck, the vehicle must be on a flat, dry surface.

The transmission must be in park and the emergency brake engaged.

1. Connect the red (+) Clamp to the positive (+) terminal post on the battery. Connect the black (-) Clamp to the negative (-) terminal post on the battery.

2. With the engine off, check the Battery Tester LED Window (D) to determine effectiveness of charge. Without using the Test Start Button. If the Battery Tester does not register and no display is seen, double check that the Clamps are connected to the proper terminal posts. Make certain a clean connection has been made between the Clamps and terminal posts.

3. Start the engine and let it run. Do not using the Test Start Button, observe the voltage readout when the engine speed reaches between 1200 to 1500 RPM (normal idle speed). Once you push the Test Start Button (C), then tester will into charging system mode.

4. Note meter reading with all electrical accessories off. One of three conditions will apply:

- a) Voltage less than 13.5 volts indicates faulty alternator.
- b) Voltage between 13.5 volts and 15 volts indicates charging system is good.
- c) Voltage over 15 volts indicates faulty voltage regulator.

5. When charging system test is complete, remove Black Clamp (-) from battery first; then remove Red Clamp (+).

Testing the Starter

This Test identifies excessive starter current draw, which makes starting difficult and shortens battery life. Perform battery load test and proceed only if the battery tests good.

Engine should be at normal operating temperature.

1. Connect Clamps to battery posts and run the basic load test (push and release Test Start Button). Note the exact voltage with the load test on. If voltage continues to fall after 5 seconds, this test will not be available.

2. Apply the voltage obtained above to the starter tester table (below).

Use the next to lower minimum cranking volts for engines with less than 300 inches of cubic displacement (CID). For example, if the load voltage is 11 volts, use 10.3 for minimum cranking voltage.

STARTER TEST TABLE

LOAD VOLTS	10.4	10.6	10.8	11.0	11.2	11.4	11.6	11.8
MIN CRANK VOLTS	9.7	10.0	10.3	10.6	10.9	11.2	11.4	11.6

3. Disable the ignition system so the car will not start, crank the engine and note the voltage during cranking.

4. If cranking voltage of step 3 is below the minimum cranking voltage in the starter test table (above), the starter current draw is excessive. If the starter cranks slowly, check for high resistance and poor connection. A meter reading of 9 volts or less indicates excessive current draw. This may be due to bad connections a falling starter motor or the battery is too small for the vehicle requirements.

DISPLAY CODES

Code	Situation	Possible Meanings/Causes
Beeps keep sounding	Load test	Tester/relay defective. Discontinue use and have a qualified technician service
-L-	Start of test	Battery voltage less than 12 volts.

WARRANTY

One-year limited warranty



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