



Always Innovative. Always Reliable.

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1.5 Cubic Foot L-Series Blast Pot

Operator's Manual #1090062 - May 4, 2010



⚠ WARNING

Before using this equipment, read, understand and follow all instructions in the Operator's Manual. If the User or Assistants cannot read or understand the Warnings and Instructions, the Employer of the User and Assistants must provide adequate and necessary training to ensure proper Operation and Compliance with all Safety Procedures pertaining to this equipment. If Manuals have been lost, contact your Distributor or call 563.324.2519 for replacements. Failure to comply with the above warning could result in death or serious injury.

Vision Statement

To be the World's First Choice for Abrasives, Blasting, Painting, and Safety Equipment & Supplies.

Mission Statement

To provide leadership and innovation to the surface preparation industry. We will dedicate our efforts to the continuous improvement of our products, services, processes, people and most importantly the quality of our Customer's experience.

Quality Statement

Marco is committed to providing superior quality in the design, manufacturing, distribution and service of our products. As an ISO 9001:2000 registered company, Marco's quality systems assure our products will meet or exceed our Customer's expectations. Continuous Improvement in our processes and Supply Chain Integration comprise the core of our Business Strategy for delivering exceptional quality and value in every Marco product and service.

Management Philosophy

We are a Company dedicated to the success of every Customer and Associate. We will discuss, debate, challenge, measure and test our ideas. We will be boundless and limitless in our passion to improve. Through sound leadership and dedicated associates, we will ensure a long term, profitable future for Marco, our Associates, Customers and Suppliers.

Table of Contents

- ▶ **Definition of Terms** 1
- ▶ **Hazard Identifications** 2-3
- ▶ **Air Consumption Chart** 4

- ▶ **1.5 Cubic Foot L-Series Blast Pot** 5-17
 - Description & Features 5
 - Operational Requirements 5
 - Operating Instructions 5-8
 - Troubleshooting 9-10
 - Maintenance 11-12
 - Schematics 13-16
 - Nozzle Orifice and Media Sizing Chart 15
 - Maintenance Notes 17
- ▶ **Warranty** 18
 - Disclaimer of Warranty 18
 - Exclusive Remedy for Warranty Claims 18
 - Limitation of Remedy 18
- ▶ **Daily Checklist** 19

Definition of Terms

DANGER

This is an example of danger. This indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

WARNING

This is an example of a warning. This indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

CAUTION

This is an example of a caution. This indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury. It can also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

NOTICE

This is an example of a notice. This indicates policy or practice directly related to safety of personnel or protection of property.

⚠ WARNING

Failure to comply with ANY WARNING listed below could result in death or serious injury.

- ▶ Breathing dust containing silica could cause silicosis, a fatal lung disease. Breathing dust during blasting operations, post-blast cleaning operations, and/or servicing equipment within the blasting area may expose an individual to conditions that could cause asbestosis, lead poisoning and/or other serious or fatal diseases. Harmful dust containing toxic material from medias or surfaces being blasted can remain suspended in the air for long periods of time after blasting has ceased. A NIOSH-approved, well-maintained, respirator designed for the specific operation being performed must be used by anyone blasting, handling or using the media, and anyone in the area of the dust.
- ▶ Contact NIOSH and OSHA offices to determine the proper respirator for your specific application. The air supplied to the respirator must be at least Grade D quality as described in Compressed Gas Association Commodity Specification G-7.1 and as specified by OSHA Regulation 1910.134. Ensure air filter and respirator system hoses are not connected to non-air sources or in-plant lines that may contain nitrogen, oxygen, acetylene or other non-breathable gases. Before removing respirator, use an air monitoring instrument to determine if the atmosphere is safe to breathe.
- ▶ You must comply with all OSHA, local, City, State, Province, Country and jurisdiction regulations, ordinances and standards, related to your particular work area and environment. Keep unprotected individuals out of the work area.
- ▶ Blast operators must receive thorough training on the use of media resistant attire which includes: supplied-air respirator, blast suit, safety shoes, gloves, ear protection and eye protection. Protect the operator and bystanders by complying with NIOSH and OSHA Safety Standards.
- ▶ Inspect all equipment for wear or damage before and after each use. Failure to use Original Equipment Manufacturer repair parts and failure to immediately replace worn or damaged components could void warranties and cause malfunctions.
- ▶ Always depressurize the entire blasting system, disconnect all electrical power sources and lockout/tagout all components before any maintenance or troubleshooting is attempted. Failure to comply with the above warning could cause electrical shock and inadvertent activation of equipment resulting in death or serious injury.
- ▶ OSHA requires blast-cleaning nozzles be equipped with an operating valve, which shall be designed to be held open only by continuous hand pressure and shall close immediately upon release of hand pressure (i.e., a "deadman" control). The valve shall not be modified in any manner that would allow it to remain open without the application of continuous hand pressure by the operator. Failure to comply with the above warning could result in release of high speed media and compressed air resulting in death or serious injury. (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.244(b))
- ▶ Point the blast nozzle only at the surface being blasted. Never point the blast nozzle or media stream at yourself or others.
- ▶ Unless otherwise specified, maximum working pressure of Blast Pots and related components must not exceed 125 psi. Exceeding maximum working pressure of 125 psi could cause the Blast Pot and components to burst.
- ▶ Never weld, grind or drill on the Blast Pot (or any pressure vessel). Doing so will void ASME certification and manufacturer's warranty. Welding, grinding or drilling on the Blast Pot (or any pressure vessel) could weaken the vessel causing it to burst. (ASME Pressure Vessel Code, Section VIII, Division 1)
- ▶ This equipment is not intended for use in any area that might be considered a hazardous location, as described in the National Electric Code NFPA 70, Article 500. Use of this equipment in a hazardous location could cause an explosion or electrocution.
- ▶ This product is not for use in wet environments. Always use a Ground Fault Interrupter Circuit (GFI) for all electrical power source connections. Use of this product in wet environments could create a shock hazard.
- ▶ Frozen moisture could cause restrictions and obstructions in pneumatic control lines. Any restriction or obstruction in the pneumatic control lines could prevent the proper activation and deactivation of the remote control system, resulting in the release of high speed media and compressed air. In conditions where moisture may freeze in the control lines an antifreeze injection system approved for this application can be installed.
- ▶ Do not cut, obstruct, restrict or pinch pneumatic control lines. Doing so could prevent the proper activation and deactivation of the remote control system, resulting in the release of high speed media and compressed air.
- ▶ Never hang objects from the Blast Pot handle. Doing so may cause the Blast Pot to become unstable and tip over.



1.5 Cubic Foot L-Series Blast Pot

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⚠ WARNING

Failure to comply with ANY WARNING listed below could result in death or serious injury.

- ▶ Never attempt to move a blast pot containing media. Never attempt to manually move blast pots greater than 6.5 cubic foot capacity. Always use at least two capable people to manually move a blast pot on flat, smooth surfaces. A mechanical lifting device must be used if a blast pot is moved in any other manner.
- ▶ Use of Marco remote control switches with other manufacturer's remote control systems could cause unintended activation of remote control systems resulting in the release of high speed media and compressed air. Only Marco remote control switches should be used with Marco remote control systems.
- ▶ Always be certain to have secure footing when blasting. There is a recoil hazard when blasting starts that may cause user to fall and misdirect the media stream at operator or bystander.
- ▶ Never use a blast pot or attachments as a climbing device. The person could slip and fall. The blast pot could become unstable and tip over.
- ▶ The use of this product for any purpose other than originally intended or altered from its original design is prohibited.
- ▶ For equipment manufactured by entities other than Marco, you must consult the Original Equipment Manufacturer operator's manuals, information, training, instructions and warnings, for the proper and intended use of all equipment.

⚠ CAUTION

Failure to comply with ANY CAUTION listed below may result in minor or moderate injury.

- ▶ Static electricity can be generated by media moving through the blast hose causing a shock hazard. Prior to use, ground the blast pot and blast nozzle to dissipate static electricity.
- ▶ High decibel noise levels are generated during the blasting process which may cause loss of hearing. Ensure appropriate Personal Protective Equipment and hearing protection is in use.

NOTICE

- ▶ Always use media that is dry and properly screened. This will reduce the potential for obstructions to enter the remote control system, metering valve and blast nozzle.
- ▶ Moisture build-up occurs when air is compressed. Any moisture within the blast system will cause medias to clump, clogging metering valves, hoses and nozzles. Install an appropriately sized moisture separator at the inlet of the blast pot. Leave the moisture separator petcock slightly open to allow for constant release of water. If insufficient volume of air exists and petcock is unable to be left open (*at all times*) petcock should be opened frequently to release water.
- ▶ To reduce media intrusion in the air supply hose, depressurize the blast pot before shutting off air supply from compressor.
- ▶ Inspect nozzle before placing in service. Damage to nozzle liner or jacket may occur during shipping. If you receive a damaged nozzle, contact your distributor immediately for replacement. Nozzles placed in to service may not be returned. Nozzle liners are made of fragile materials and can be damaged by rough handling and striking against hard surfaces. Never use a damaged blast nozzle.
- ▶ Blasting at optimal pressure for the media used is critical to productivity. Example: for a media with an optimal blasting pressure of 100 psi at the nozzle, one pound per square inch of pressure loss will reduce blast efficiency by 1.5%. A 10 psi reduction in air pressure will cause a 15% loss of efficiency. Use a Needle Pressure Gauge to identify pressure drops in your system. Consult with your media supplier for the requirements of your media.
- ▶ Replace Blast Nozzle if liner or jacket is cracked or damaged. Replace nozzle if original orifice size has worn 1/16" or more. Determine nozzle wear by inserting a drill bit 1/16" larger than original size of nozzle orifice. If drill bit passes through nozzle, replacement is needed.
- ▶ When it comes to media & air mixtures, more is not necessarily better. Optimum blasting efficiency takes place when a lean media & air mixture is used. To correctly set the metering valve, begin with the valve fully closed and slowly increase the amount of media entering the airstream. As you increase the media flow, watch for a "blue flame" (*Figure 1*) at the exit of the nozzle. Faster cutting, reduced media consumption and lower clean up costs, are benefits of the "blue flame".
- ▶ See Media Consumption Chart for consumption rates and required air flow (cubic feet per minute). The system must meet these minimum requirements to ensure proper function and performance.

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Inspect nozzle before placing in service. Damage to nozzle liner or jacket may occur during shipping. If you receive a damaged nozzle, contact your distributor immediately for replacement. Nozzles placed in to service may not be returned. Nozzle liners are made of fragile materials and can be damaged by rough handling and striking against hard surfaces. Never use a damaged blast nozzle.

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Figure 1

NOTICE

See Media Consumption Chart for consumption rates and required air flow (cubic feet per minute). The system must meet these minimum requirements to ensure proper function and performance.

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Blasting at optimal pressure for the media used is critical to productivity. Example: for a media with an optimal blasting pressure of 100 psi at the nozzle, one pound per square inch of pressure loss will reduce blast efficiency by 1.5%. A 10 psi reduction in air pressure will cause a 15% loss of efficiency. Use a Needle Pressure Gauge to identify pressure drops in your system. Consult with your media supplier for the requirements of your media.

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Media Consumption Chart*

Nozzle Orifice	Pressure at the Nozzle (psi)								Air (in cfm), Media & Compressor Requirements
	50	60	70	80	90	100	125	140	
No. 2 (1/8")	11	13	15	17	18	20	25	28	Air (cfm)
	67	77	88	101	112	123	152	170	Media (lbs/hr)
	2.5	3	3.5	4	4.5	5	5.5	6.2	Compressor Horsepower
No. 3 (3/16")	26	30	33	38	41	45	55	62	Air (cfm)
	150	171	196	216	238	264	319	357	Media (lbs/hr)
	6	7	8	9	10	10	12	13	Compressor Horsepower
No. 4 (1/4")	47	54	61	68	74	81	98	110	Air (cfm)
	268	312	354	408	448	494	608	681	Media (lbs/hr)
	11	12	14	16	17	18	22	25	Compressor Horsepower
No. 5 (5/16")	77	89	101	113	126	137	168	188	Air (cfm)
	468	534	604	672	740	812	982	1100	Media (lbs/hr)
	18	20	23	26	28	31	37	41	Compressor Horsepower
No. 6 (3/8")	108	126	143	161	173	196	237	265	Air (cfm)
	668	764	864	960	1052	1152	1393	1560	Media (lbs/hr)
	24	28	32	36	39	44	52	58	Compressor Horsepower
No. 7 (7/16")	147	170	194	217	240	254	314	352	Air (cfm)
	896	1032	1176	1312	1448	1584	1931	2163	Media (lbs/hr)
	33	38	44	49	54	57	69	77	Compressor Horsepower
No. 8 (1/2")	195	224	252	280	309	338	409	458	Air (cfm)
	1160	1336	1512	1680	1856	2024	2459	2754	Media (lbs/hr)
	44	50	56	63	69	75	90	101	Compressor Horsepower
No. 10 (5/8")	308	356	404	452	504	548	663	742	Air (cfm)
	1875	2140	2422	2690	2973	3250	3932	4405	Media (lbs/hr)
	68.5	79.5	90	100.5	112	122	146	165	Compressor Horsepower
No. 12 (3/4")	432	504	572	644	692	784	948	1062	Air (cfm)
	2672	3056	3456	3840	4208	4608	5570	6238	Media (lbs/hr)
	96	112	127	143	154	174.5	209	236	Compressor Horsepower

*Media consumption is based on media with a bulk density of 100 lbs per Cu. Ft..



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1.5 Cubic Foot L-Series Blast Pot

⚠ WARNING

Inspect all equipment for wear or damage before and after each use. Failure to use Original Equipment Manufacturer repair parts and failure to immediately replace worn or damaged components could void warranties and cause malfunctions. Failure to comply with the above warning could result in death or serious injury.

⚠ WARNING

Never weld, grind or drill on the blast machine (or any pressure vessel). Doing so will void ASME certification and manufacturer's warranty. Welding, grinding or drilling on the blast machine (or any pressure vessel) could weaken the vessel causing it to burst. Failure to comply with the above warning could result in death or serious injury. (ASME Pressure Vessel Code, Section VIII, Division 1)

⚠ WARNING

Ensure the surface is stable and is sufficient to support the weight of a blast machine full of media. Unstable surfaces and surfaces that cannot support the gross weight of a full blast machine could cause the blast machine to tip over. Failure to comply with the above warning could result in death or serious injury.

NOTICE

Never use the filler plug to lift or move the blast machine.

1.5 Cubic Foot L-Series Blast Pot

Description

Always Innovative. Always Reliable. That's Marco's Promise to you, our Customer. No matter what type of work you have to do, the 1.5 Cubic Foot L-Series Blast Pot is ready for the challenge, from quick touch-ups to complete surface preparation jobs. This design offers a unique remote control design that eliminates the need for an inlet valve, outlet valve, and twinline hoses, which greatly simplifies the operation and maintenance. The optional KwikFire 153 Remote Control System provides instant on and off control of the abrasive flow at the nozzle. The precise metering capabilities of the 2-Hole Junior Metering Valve are ideal for intricate and detailed blasting, making this pot a favorite for auto restoration, monument blasting, glass etching, and decorative artwork. An elevated control arm allows the blaster to make abrasive metering adjustments while standing up, rather than bending under the pot to make adjustments. A compact design, heavy duty handle, solid rubber tires, and numerous unique features make this blast pot highly portable and flexible enough to get the job done.

Features:

- Simple controls - The KwikFire 153 eliminates the need for an inlet valve, outlet valve, and twinline hoses.
- Simple and Precise Abrasive Metering - The precise metering capabilities are ideal for intricate and detail blasting.
- Increased Production - A built-in moisture separator helps remove moisture that causes abrasive clogging.
- Low Loading Height - A low loading height makes it quick and easy to fill the pot with abrasive.
- Portability - A heavy-duty handle and solid rubber tires allow the pot to be maneuvered quickly and easily around the jobsite.
- Built in accordance with ASME Pressure Vessel Code with a 125 psi Operating Pressure Rating.
- Dimensions: *Overall Height: 42" Width: 23.5" Depth: 28" Weight: 110 lbs.*

Operational Requirements

The following may cause safety hazards or reduced performance:

- Improper installation and/or maintenance of components.
- Failure to place blast pot on a secure, flat surface.
- Improper air supply pressure (minimum 30 psi, maximum 125 psi).
- Incorrect lifting / transporting of blast pot or incorrect or worn lifting devices.
- Use of media coarser than 20 mesh.
- Improper media size for nozzle orifice.

Operating Instructions (Figure 2)

Before using:

- Confirm Air Inlet Ball Valve (6) is closed and Moisture Separator Petcock (4) is open.
- Inspect Blast Pot for damage. Do not use Blast Pot if damaged.
- Inspect Filler Plug O-ring (2) and Filler Plug (1) for damage.
- Test movement of Control Lever (3) by rotating to "Purge" position, then back to "Off". (see label on side of Blast Pot) Do not use Blast Pot if the Control Lever (3) does not completely return to the "Off" position. See Two Hole Junior Metering Valve Operator's Manual for troubleshooting instructions.
- Connect Blast Hose to Two Hole Junior Metering Valve (b).
- Connect air supply hose from compressor to 2-Lug Coupling (5). To provide best performance, an air supply hose with an inner diameter at least five times the size of blast nozzle orifice is recommended.
- Fill the Blast Pot through the Filler Plug Opening (a). Do not over fill.
- Clear any remaining media from around Filler Plug Opening (a), shake Filler Plug (1) to clear media and pull up on Filler Plug handle (1) to test sealing of Filler Plug O-ring (2).

1.5 Cubic Foot L-Series Blast Pot

Figure 2





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1.5 Cubic Foot L-Series Blast Pot

⚠ WARNING

Crushing and pinching are normal functions of this component. Do not place body parts or foreign objects in any area where there are moving parts. Failure to comply with the above warning could result in death or serious injury.

⚠ WARNING

Point the blast nozzle only at the surface being blasted. Never point the blast nozzle or abrasive media stream at yourself or others. Failure to comply with the above warning could result in death or serious injury.

⚠ WARNING

Always be certain to have secure footing when blasting. There is a recoil hazard when blasting starts that may cause user to fall and misdirect the abrasive stream at operator or bystander. Failure to comply with the above warning could result in death or serious injury.

⚠ WARNING

Never hang objects from the blast machine handle. Doing so may cause the blast machine to become unstable and tip over. Failure to comply with the above warning could result in death or serious injury.

1.5 Cubic Foot L-Series Blast Pot

Operating Instructions (Figure 3)

To Start Blasting:

- Close Moisture Separator Petcock (3).
- Pull Filler Plug (1) up and hold securely in place.
- Securely hold Nozzle Assembly (4) pointed away from operator, bystanders, and any property that might be damaged by inadvertent exposure to media.
- Open Ball Valve (2), wait for Blast Pot to fully pressurize.
- Slowly pull Control Lever (5) away from Blast Pot to allow media and air mixture to exit Nozzle (4). Adjust flow until optimal air/media ratio is achieved. See Page 4 for further explanation.

To Stop Blasting:

- Shut off media/air mixture by rotating Control Handle (5) to the "Off" position.
- Close Ball Valve (2).
- Open Moisture Separator Petcock (3).
- When air no longer exits Blast Pot, move Filler Plug handle (1) back and forth to release.

After Use:

- Empty media from Blast Pot when blasting is concluded for the day. To remove media from Blast Pot :
 - ◆ Remove Nozzle Cap, Nozzle, and Nozzle Washer from Nozzle Assembly (4).
 - ◆ Rotate Control Lever (5) to "Purge" (full open) position.
 - ◆ Close Moisture Separator Petcock (3).
 - ◆ Securely hold Blast Hose, place hose end in a container suitable for catching the media. Ensure Operator is prepared for strong recoil, the blast hose will provide strong recoil as the media exits the blast hose.
 - ◆ Slowly open Ball Valve (2), when Blast Pot is empty, only air will exit the blast hose.
 - ◆ After Blast Pot is empty of media, follow the procedure outlined in "To Stop Blasting".
- Inspect Blast Pot components for damage. Replace damaged components before use.
- Cover Blast Pot when not in use to reduce debris and water intrusion.

1.5 Cubic Foot L-Series Blast Pot

Figure 3





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1.5 Cubic Foot L-Series Blast Pot

⚠ WARNING

Always depressurize the entire blasting system, disconnect all electrical power sources and lockout/tagout all components before any maintenance or troubleshooting is attempted. Failure to comply with the above warning could cause electrical shock and inadvertent activation of equipment resulting in death or serious injury.

⚠ WARNING

Crushing and pinching are normal functions of this component. Do not place body parts or foreign objects in any area where there are moving parts. Failure to comply with the above caution may result in minor or moderate injury.

⚠ CAUTION

Release of high speed media and compressed air occurs during depressurization of the blast machine. Ensure appropriate Personal Protective Equipment is in use. Failure to comply with the above caution may result in minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE

Moisture build-up occurs when air is compressed. Any moisture within the blast system will cause media to clump, clogging metering valves, hoses and nozzles. Install an appropriately sized moisture separator at the inlet of the blast machine. Leave the moisture separator petcock slightly open to allow for constant release of water. If insufficient volume of air exists and petcock is unable to be left open (at all times) petcock should be opened frequently to release water.

Troubleshooting

If the Blast Pot does not function properly, check the following:

SYMPTOM (Cause)

ACTION

Blast Pot will not pressurize
(Improper Air Supply, Damaged Components)

Insufficient air supply. Ensure air compressor provides sufficient air volume to operate Blast Pot and the Air Hose is of sufficient size to provide adequate air volume.

Filler Plug or Filler Plug O-ring damaged. Inspect Filler Plug and Filler Plug O-ring for wear or damage. Replace damaged Filler Plug O-ring. If Filler Plug is damaged remove Blast Pot from service.

Filler Plug not seated. Ensure Filler Plug is in proper position and a proper seal has been achieved.

External Piping is damaged or loose. Inspect external piping for damage. Confirm all fittings are tight and free from damage.

Neither air nor media exits the blast nozzle
(Obstructions, Wet Media, Metering Valve, Improperly Sized Media)

With Blast Pot pressurized, rotate Control Lever to "Purge" to clear minor obstruction in Two Hole Junior Metering Valve, Blast Hose or Nozzle.

Depressurize Blast Pot. Inspect Blast Nozzle and Blast Hose for obstruction. Never look directly down the exit port of the Blast Nozzle. Remove obstruction.

Damp or wet media. Remove all media from Blast Pot and Metering Valve. Ensure dry media is used.

Slightly open Moisture Separator Petcock to allow collected moisture to escape while Blast Pot is in use.

Consult Ceramic Nozzles Chart (Page 15) for compatible media and nozzle selection.

Refer to Two Hole Junior Metering Valve Operator's Manual for proper instructions.

⚠ WARNING

Always depressurize the entire blasting system, disconnect all electrical power sources and lockout/tagout all components before any maintenance or troubleshooting is attempted. Failure to comply with the above warning could cause electrical shock and inadvertent activation of equipment resulting in death or serious injury.

⚠ WARNING

Crushing and pinching are normal functions of this component. Do not place body parts or foreign objects in any area where there are moving parts. Failure to comply with the above caution may result in minor or moderate injury.

⚠ CAUTION

Release of high speed media and compressed air occurs during depressurization of the blast machine. Ensure appropriate Personal Protective Equipment is in use. Failure to comply with the above caution may result in minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE

Moisture build-up occurs when air is compressed. Any moisture within the blast system will cause media to clump, clogging metering valves, hoses and nozzles. Install an appropriately sized moisture separator at the inlet of the blast machine. Leave the moisture separator petcock slightly open to allow for constant release of water. If insufficient volume of air exists and petcock is unable to be left open (at all times) petcock should be opened frequently to release water.

Troubleshooting

If the Blast Pot does not function properly, check the following:

SYMPTOM (Cause)

ACTION

Only air exits Blast Nozzle

(Obstructions, Wet Media, Metering Valve, Improperly Sized Media)

With Blast Pot pressurized, rotate Control Lever to "Purge" to clear minor obstruction in Two Hole Junior Metering Valve, Blast Hose or Nozzle.

Depressurize Blast Pot. Inspect Blast Nozzle and Blast Hose for obstruction. Never look directly down the exit port of the Blast Nozzle. Remove obstruction.

Damp or wet media. Remove all media from Blast Pot and Metering Valve. Ensure dry media is used.

Slightly open Moisture Separator Petcock to allow collected moisture to escape while Blast Pot is in use.

Consult Ceramic Nozzles Chart (Page 15) for compatible media and nozzle selection.

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Inconsistent media flow

(Improper Air Supply, Damaged Components, Wet Media, Improperly Sized Media)

Insufficient air supply. Ensure air compressor provides sufficient air volume to operate Blast Pot and the Air Hose is of sufficient size to provide adequate air volume.

Filler Plug or Filler Plug O-ring damaged. Inspect Filler Plug and Filler Plug O-ring for wear or damage. Replace damaged Filler Plug O-ring. If Filler Plug is damaged remove Blast Pot from service.

External Piping Damaged or Loose. Inspect external piping for damage. Confirm all fittings are tight and free from damage.

Damp or wet media. Remove all media from Blast Pot and Metering Valve. Ensure dry media is used.

Slightly open Moisture Separator Petcock to allow collected moisture to escape while Blast Pot is in use.

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⚠ WARNING

Never weld, grind or drill on the blast machine (or any pressure vessel). Doing so will void ASME certification and manufacturer's warranty. Welding, grinding or drilling on the blast machine (or any pressure vessel) could weaken the vessel causing it to burst. Failure to comply with the above warning could result in death or serious injury. (ASME Pressure Vessel Code, Section VIII, Division 1)

NOTICE

Piping may loosen during transit. Ensure all piping is aligned and tightened before use.

NOTICE

Apply pipe thread sealant to all pipe threads to ensure an airtight seal.

Maintenance

Maintenance of the Blast Pot is limited to the daily cleaning and the immediate replacement of damaged or worn parts.

1.5 Cubic Foot L-Series Blast Pot

Filler Plug O-ring: (Fig. 4)

Disassembly:

- 1) Lift Filler Plug (1) close to Filler Plug Opening (a), leaning to one side for access to Filler Plug O-Ring (2).
- 2) Pull Filler Plug O-Ring (2) from recessed area on Filler Plug (1).
- 3) Pull Filler Plug O-Ring (2) over Filler Plug (1) handle one side at a time.

Assembly:

- 1) Slip Filler Plug O-ring (2) over Filler Plug (1) handle one side at a time, taking care to not over stretch or otherwise damage Filler Plug O-ring (2).
- 2) Lift Filler Plug (1) close to the opening, leaning to one side to access recessed area that receives the Filler Plug O-Ring (2).
- 3) Starting on exposed face, roll Filler Plug O-ring (2) into recessed area on Filler Plug (1), rotating Filler Plug handle until Filler Plug O-ring (2) is completely seated.
- 4) Pull Filler Plug (1) in to place to test Filler Plug O-ring (2) seating.

Nozzle Assembly: (Fig. 4)

Disassembly:

- 1) Unthread Nozzle Cap (3) from Nozzle Holder Base (6).
- 2) Remove Nozzle (4) from Nozzle Cap (3).
- 3) Remove Nozzle Washer (5) from Nozzle Holder Base (6).

Assembly:

- 1) Insert Nozzle Washer (5) into Nozzle Holder Base (6).
- 2) Insert Nozzle (4) into Nozzle Cap (3).
- 3) Thread Nozzle Cap (3) onto Nozzle Holder Base (6) .

Hose End Assembly: (Fig. 4)

Disassembly:

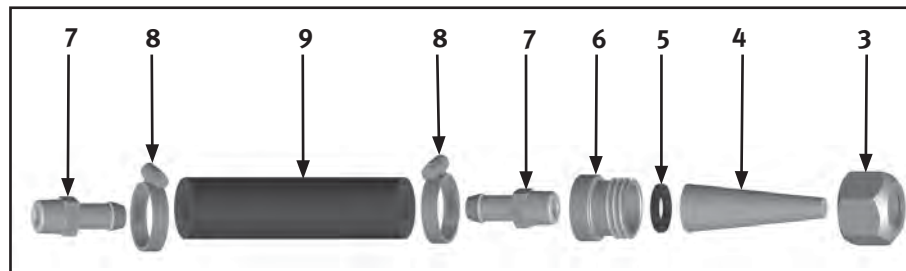
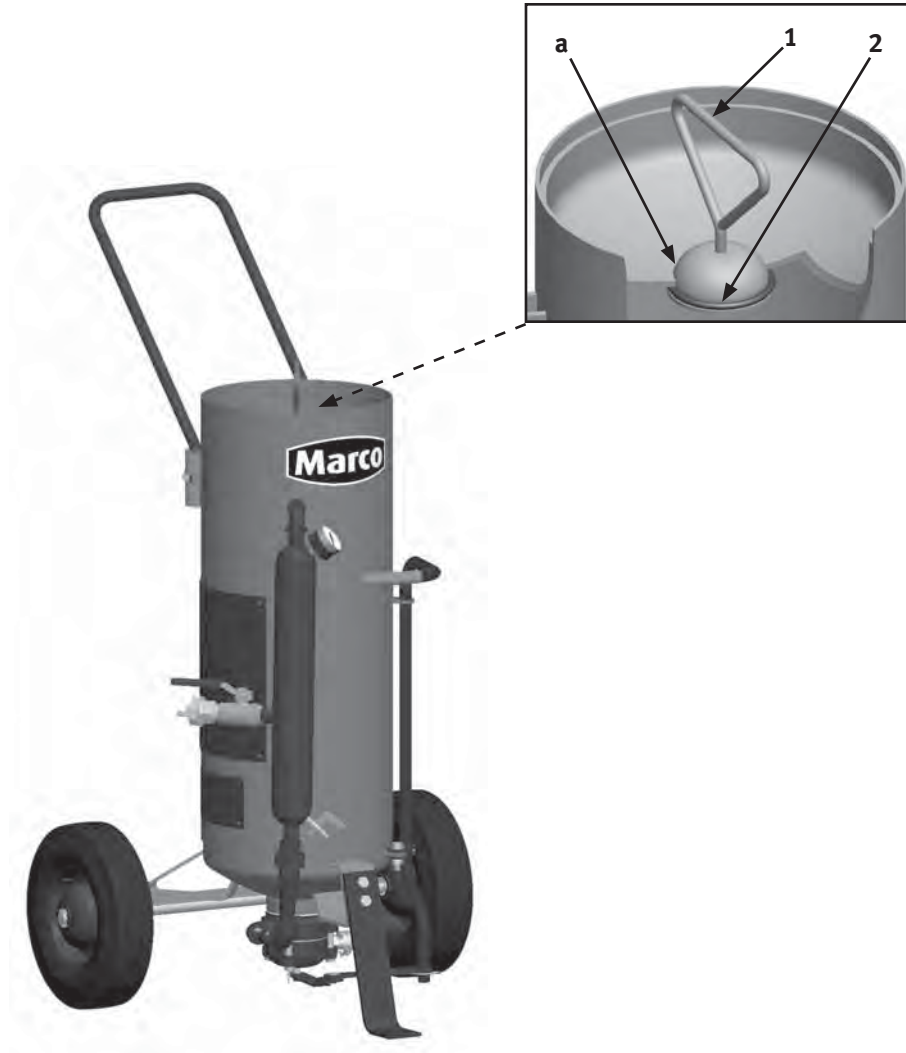
- 1) Remove Nozzle Assembly.
- 2) Unthread Nozzle Holder Base (6) from Blast Hose End (7).
- 3) Remove Hose Clamp (8) from Blast Hose (9).
- 4) Remove Blast Hose End (7) from Blast Hose (9).

Assembly:

- 1) Cut the Blast Hose (9) square, leaving a smooth and even end.
- 2) Wet barb of Blast Hose End (7) with a small amount of liquid detergent.
- 3) Insert Blast Hose End (7) into Blast Hose (9).
- 4) Place Hose Clamp (8) 1/4" from end of Blast Hose (9) and tighten.
- 5) Thread Nozzle Holder Base (6) on Blast Hose End (7).

Maintenance

Figure 4



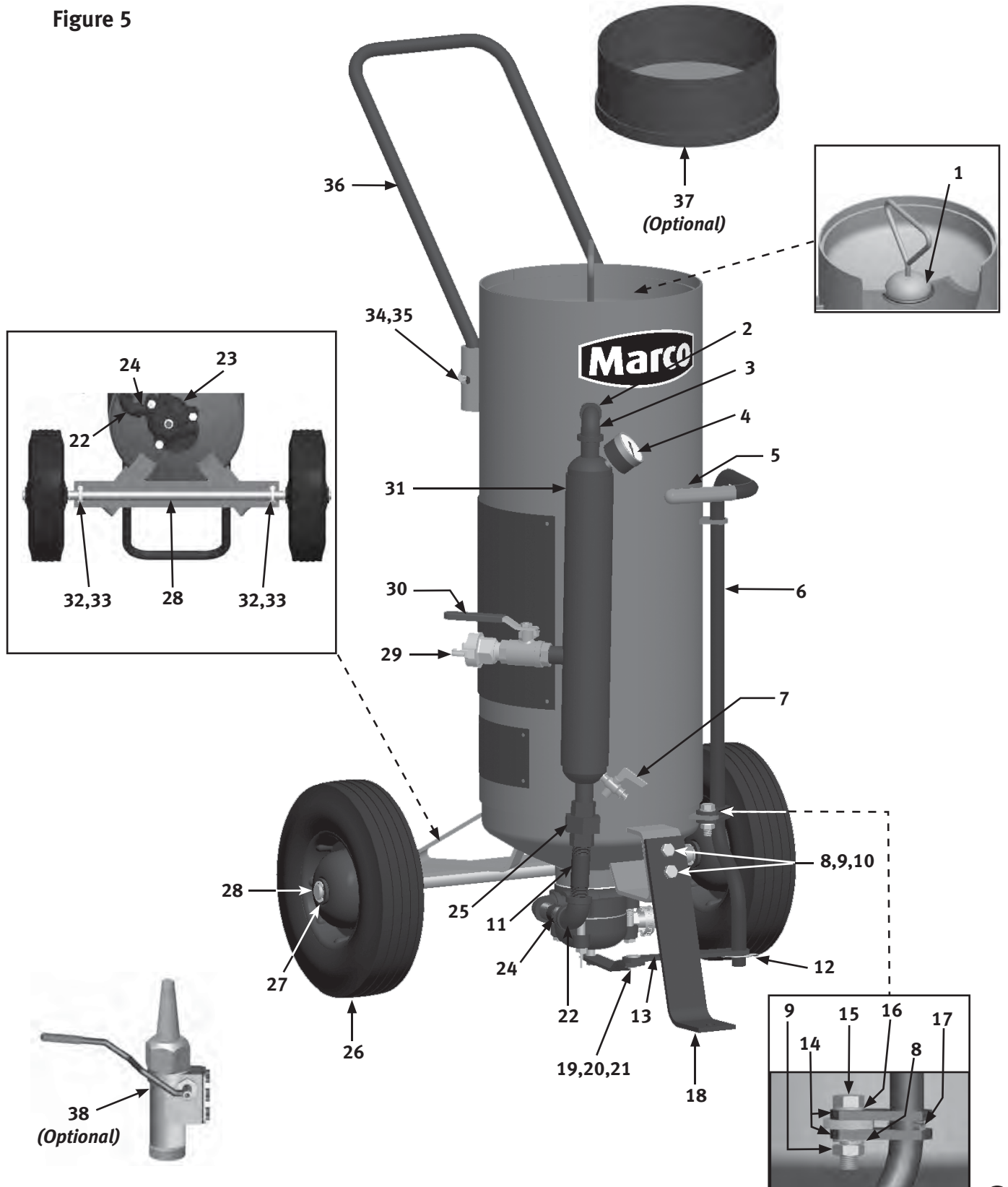
Schematics

Figure 5

Item #	Part #	Description
-	1001155	1.5 Cubic Foot L-Series Blast Pot (includes: Two Hole Junior Metering Valve, 25 feet of 1/2"ID/1-3/16"OD Coupled Blast Hose, Nozzle End Assembly, #1-1/2 Ceramic Nozzle, #2 Ceramic Nozzle)
-	1001156	1.5 Cubic Foot L-Series Blast Pot (includes: Two Hole Junior Metering Valve, 25 feet of 1/2"ID/1-3/16"OD Coupled Blast Hose, Nozzle End Assembly, KwikFire 153 Hose End Shut-off, #1-1/2 Ceramic Nozzle, #2 Ceramic Nozzle)
1	10L650R	Filler Plug O-ring
2	1011209	3/8" NPT Close Nipple
3	10L806058	1/2" NPT x 3/8" NPT 90° Reducing Elbow
4	10L800719	Pressure Gauge
5	10L103LG	Control Lever Grip
6	10L100268	Control Lever (Includes items 5 & 17)
7	10L348	1/8" Moisture Separator Petcock
8	10L805015	3/8" Lock Washer (3 required)
9	10L804303	3/8"-24 Hex Nut (3 required)
10	10L805317	3/8"-24 x 1" Bolt (2 required)
11	10L803042	1/2" NPT x 3" Nipple
12	10L103H	Hair Spring Clip
13	10LC24X	Control Link
14	10L100058	Control Lever Bracket (2 required)
15	10L805318	3/8"-24 x 1-1/4" Bolt
16	1014241	3/8" Flat Washer
17	10L800085	Roll Pin, 3/16" x 1"
18	10101868	Spring Foot
19	10L201192	Control Link Pivot Assembly
20	10L100149	Pivot Pin
21	1011806	E50, E-clip
22	10L806004	1/2" NPT 90° Elbow (2 required)
23	10L100197	Two Hole Junior Metering Valve
24	10L803038	1/2" NPT x 2" Nipple
25	10L806176	1/2" NPT Union
26	1006067	Wheel and Tire Assembly (2 required)
27	10101811	E-clip (for axle, 4 required)
28	10101934	Axle
29	10ME122	1/2" NPT Male 2-Lug Air Hose Coupling
30	10L363	1/2" NPT Full Port Brass Ball Valve
31	10L100129	Moisture Separator (Includes items 4 & 7)
32	10101813	1/4"-20 U-bolt with Nuts (2 required)
33	1012153	1/4" Lock Washer (4 required)
34	10L805003	5/16" Flat Washer (2 required)
35	10L805312	5/16"-24 x 3/4" Bolt (2 required)
36	10L347	Handle
37	1001510	Media Funnel with Screen (Optional)
-	10L161S	Replacement Screen for 1001510 (Optional)
38	10L66EVD	Kwikfire 153 Hose End Shut-Off (Optional)
-	1090062	1.5 Cubic Foot L-Series Blast Pot Operator's Manual
-	1091034	"Off-Blast-Purge" Sticker
-	1091042	Marco Logo Sticker
-	1091045	Hazard Identification Tag

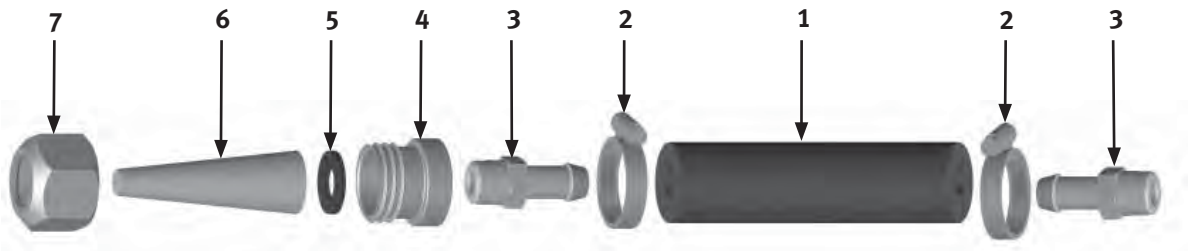
Schematics

Figure 5



Schematics

1 / 2 " H o s e E n d A s s e m b l y

Fig. 6


Item #	Part #	Description
1a	10L850119	10' of 1/2" ID/1-3/16"OD Blast Hose with 2 each of items 2 & 3 installed
1b	10L850120	25' of 1/2" ID/1-3/16" OD Blast Hose with 2 each of items 2 & 3 installed
1c	10L850125	50' of 1/2" ID/1-3/16" OD Blast Hose with 2 each of items 2 & 3 installed
1d	10BH01210C	1/2" ID/1-3/16" Blast Hose - 10'
1e	10BH01215C	1/2" ID/1-3/16" Blast Hose - 12.5'
1f	10BH01225C	1/2" ID/1-3/16" Blast Hose - 25'
1g	10BH012C	1/2" ID/1-3/16" Blast Hose - 50'
2	10L800034	Hose Clamp for 1/2" ID Hose (2 Required)
3	10L174	1/2" I.D. Blast Hose End with 1/2" NPT threads (2 Required)
4	10L66B	Nozzle Holder Base (Type 1)
5	10L66CHW	Rubber Washer for Type 1 Nozzle
6		Type 1 Nozzle (See Fig. 7 for size options)
7	10L100164	Nozzle Cap (Fits 10L366HE, 10L466HE and 10L66B)

C e r a m i c B l a s t N o z z l e s

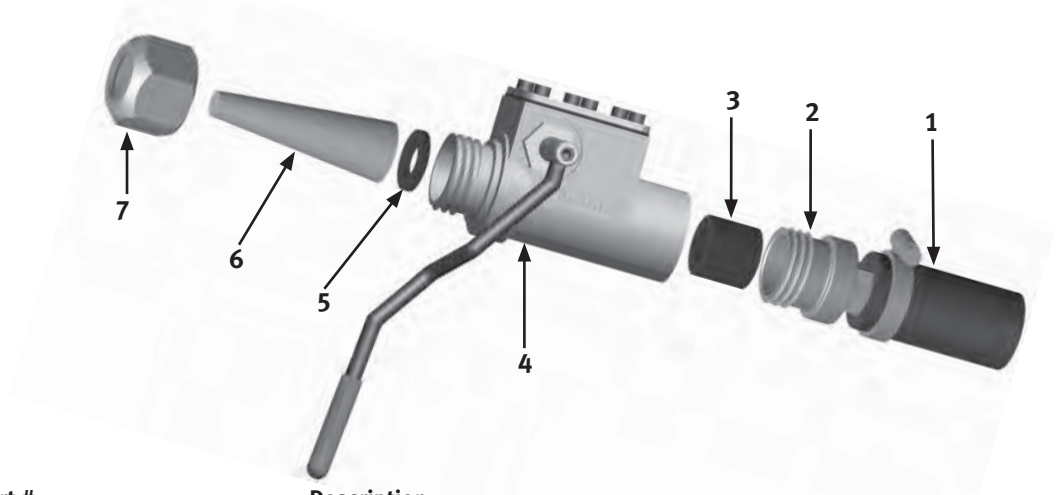
Fig. 7


Part #	Size	Orifice	CFM @ 100 PSI	Media Size (Mesh)	Blast Hose Internal Size
10CN051	1	3/32"	10	100 Mesh or finer	1/2"
10CN251	2	1/8"	20	60 Mesh or finer	1/2"
10CN21251	2-1/2	5/32"	33	50 Mesh or finer	1/2"
10CN351	3	3/16"	45	50 Mesh or finer	3/4"
10CN451	4	1/4"	81	40 Mesh or finer	3/4"
10CN551	5	5/16"	137	20 Mesh or finer	1"
10CN651	6	3/8"	196	12 Mesh or finer	1"

Schematics

K w i k F i r e 1 5 3 A s s e m b l y

Fig. 8



Item #	Part #	Description
1	-	Blast Hose (See Fig. 6 for length options)
2	10L66B	Nozzle Holder Base (Type 1)
3	10L800236	Rubber Liner
4	10L66EVD	KwikFire 153 Hose End Shut Off - Complete
5	10L66CHW	Rubber Washer for Type 1 Nozzle
6	-	Type 1 Nozzle (See Fig. 7 for size options)
7	10L100164	Nozzle Cap (Fits 10L366HE, 10L466HE and 10L66B)

ADDITIONAL TECHNICAL DATA

The associations listed below offer information, materials and videos pertaining to media blasting and safe operating practices.

- **American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)**
 100 Barr Harbor Drive
 West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959
 Phone: (610) 832-9585
 FAX: (610) 832-9555
 www.astm.org
- **Occupational Safety & Health Administration (OSHA)**
 United States
 Department of Labor
 200 Constitution Avenue
 Washington, DC 20210
 Phone: (800) 321-OSHA
 (800) 321-6742
 www.osha.gov
- **The National Board of Boiler & Pressure Vessel Inspectors**
 1055 Crupper Avenue
 Columbus, Ohio 43229
 Phone: (614) 888-8320
 FAX: (614) 888-0750
 www.nationalboard.org
- **National Association of Corrosion Engineers (NACE)**
 1440 South Creek Drive
 Houston, TX 77084-4906
 Phone: (281) 228-6200
 FAX: (281) 228-6300
 www.nace.org
- **The Society for Protective Coatings (SSPC)**
 40-24th Street, 6th Floor
 Pittsburgh, PA 15222-4656
 Phone: (412) 281-2331
 FAX: (412) 281-9992
 www.sspc.org

WARRANTY

Seller warrants to the original purchaser that the Product covered by this Warranty will remain free from defects in workmanship or material under normal commercial use and service for a period of one year from the date of shipment to the original Purchaser. This Warranty shall not apply to defects arising, in whole or in part, from any accident, negligence, alteration, misuse or abuse of the Product, operation not in accordance with applicable instructions or manuals or under conditions more severe than, or otherwise exceeding, those set forth in the written specifications for the Product, nor shall this Warranty extend to repairs or alterations of the Product by persons other than Seller or Seller's authorized representatives, or to maintenance parts.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTY

The foregoing Warranty is exclusive and is in lieu of all other warranties of quality, whether oral or written and whether express or implied. All warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose are hereby excluded and are inapplicable to the Product. Seller makes no warranties or representations concerning respirators, or equipment made by other manufacturers.

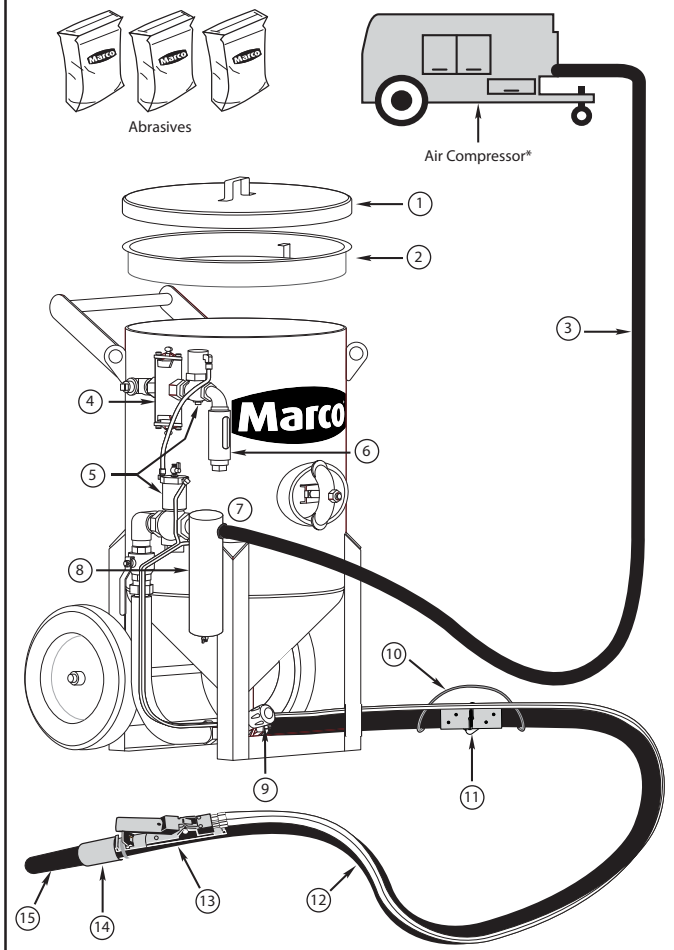
EXCLUSIVE REMEDIES FOR WARRANTY CLAIMS

THE SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDIES OF PURCHASER FOR UNDER THE FOREGOING WARRANTY COVERING THIS PRODUCT SHALL BE REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT, FREE OF CHARGE, F.O.B. POINT OF MANUFACTURE, OF ANY DEFECTIVE PART OR PARTS OF THE PRODUCT THAT WERE MANUFACTURED BY SELLER, AND WHICH ARE RETURNED TO SELLER AT SELLER'S PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS, POSTAGE PREPAID. THIS SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDY IS CONDITIONED UPON PURCHASER'S PROMPT WRITTEN NOTICE TO SELLER AT SELLER'S PLACE OF BUSINESS THAT A DEFECT HAS BEEN DISCOVERED, TOGETHER WITH A REASONABLY DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE DEFECT IN THE PRODUCT, WITHIN THIRTY (30) DAYS AFTER DISCOVERY OF THE DEFECT, OTHERWISE SUCH CLAIMS SHALL BE DEEMED WAIVED. NO ALLOWANCE WILL BE GRANTED FOR ANY REPAIRS OR ALTERATIONS MADE BY PURCHASER OR OTHERS WITHOUT SELLER'S PRIOR WRITTEN CONSENT. IF SUCH NOTICE IS TIMELY GIVEN, SELLER WILL HAVE THE OPTION TO EITHER MODIFY THE PRODUCT OR COMPONENT PART THEREOF TO CORRECT THE DEFECT, REPLACE THE PRODUCT OR PART WITH COMPLYING PRODUCTS OR PARTS, OR REFUND THE AMOUNT PAID FOR THE DEFECTIVE PRODUCT, ANY ONE OF WHICH WILL CONSTITUTE THE SOLE LIABILITY OF SELLER AND FULL SETTLEMENT OF ALL CLAIMS. PURCHASER SHALL AFFORD SELLER PROMPT AND REASONABLE OPPORTUNITY TO INSPECT THE PRODUCT FOR WHICH CLAIM IS MADE. THE SOLE PURPOSE OF THE FOREGOING STIPULATED EXCLUSIVE REMEDY SHALL BE TO REPAIR OR REPLACE DEFECTIVE PRODUCTS OR COMPONENTS THEREOF, OR TO REFUND PURCHASER THE PURCHASE PRICE THEREOF. THIS STIPULATED EXCLUSIVE REMEDY SHALL NOT BE DEEMED TO HAVE FAILED OF ITS ESSENTIAL PURPOSE SO LONG AS SELLER IS WILLING AND ABLE TO REPAIR OR REPLACE THE DEFECTIVE PARTS OR REFUND THE PURCHASE PRICE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TERMS HEREOF.

LIMITATION OF REMEDIES

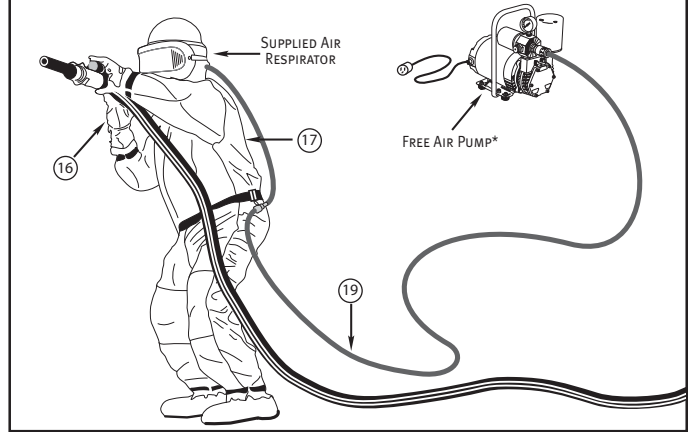
The foregoing stipulated exclusive remedies is in lieu of all other remedies for breach of contract, warranty and/or tort. Seller shall not be liable for the Purchaser's expenses for downtime or for making up downtime, damages for which the Purchaser may be liable to other persons and/or entities, damages to property, and injury to or death of any persons and/or any claims for incidental or consequential damages, including but not limited to loss of profits, regardless of whether Seller has been informed of the possibility of such damages. Seller neither assumes nor authorizes any person to assume for it any other liability in connection with the sale or use of any Products covered by the foregoing Warranty and Disclaimers, and there are no oral agreements relating to remedies which are collateral to or which affect this limitation.

Marco Blast Machine – Hose Configuration



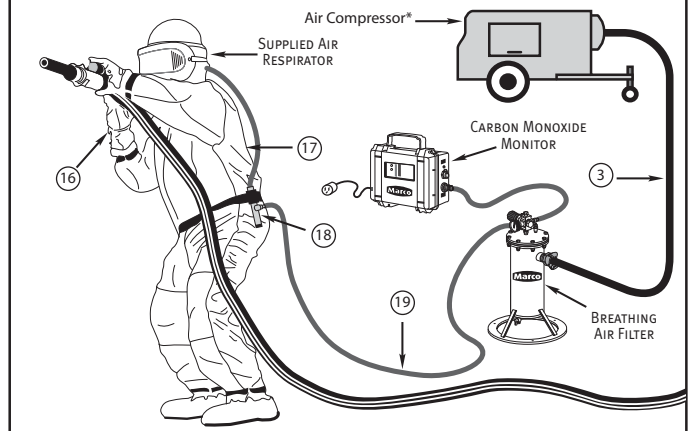
* Grade D quality air in an atmosphere free of contaminants

Ambient Air Pump Configuration



* Grade D quality air in an atmosphere free of contaminants

Air Compressor Breathing Air Configuration



* Grade D quality air in an atmosphere free of contaminants

DAILY PRE-OPERATION CHECKLIST

Additional Components

- ① blast pot lid
- ② blast pot screen
- ③ air hose
- ④ abrasive trap
- ⑤ remote control system
- ⑥ exhaust muffler
- ⑦ air hose couplings & gaskets
- ⑧ moisture separator
- ⑨ metering valve
- ⑩ whip check cable
- ⑪ blast hose couplings & gaskets
- ⑫ remote control line
- ⑬ remote control handle
- ⑭ blasting nozzle holder
- ⑮ blasting nozzle
- ⑯ blasting gloves
- ⑰ media resistant blast suit
- ⑱ breathing line
- ⑲ climate control device

MEDIAS:

- Review the Media MSDS (*Material Safety Data Sheet*) to ensure the material is free of toxic or harmful substances such as lead, silica, cyanide or arsenic. Use properly sized media to ensure required surface finish.

BLAST POT:

- Inspect the Blast Pot for internal and external wear, abrasions and leaks.
- Ground the Blast Pot to dissipate static electricity created by the Media moving through the Blast Hose.
- Install a Moisture Separator at the Inlet Port of the Blast Pot. Removing moisture from the Air Supply will allow Media to flow smoothly from the Blast Pot to the work surface.
- Inspect abrasive trap filter and empty trap frequently
- Inspect exhaust muffler and filter element before starting blasting operations. Replace filter element if exhaust air flow is restricted by residual dust

AIR SUPPLY: Respirator

- Inspect Respirator Assemblies for worn components and replace as needed.
- You MUST consult the Operator's Manual supplied with your Respirator for ALL applicable Warnings and Hazards.

BLAST NOZZLES:

- Replace Blast Nozzles if liner or jacket is cracked, damaged or an orifice size 1/16" larger than the original size.
– *Determine Nozzle wear by inserting a drill bit 1/16" larger than original size of the Nozzle orifice. If the drill bit passes, replacement is needed.*
- Blast Nozzles with 1/2" I.D. or 1" I.D. Entry require use of a Nozzle Washer. Wide Entry (1-1/4" I.D.) Blast nozzles do not require a Nozzle Washer. Inspect and replace damaged Nozzle Holder or Nozzle Washer before use.

AIR SUPPLY: Blast Pot

- Use an Air Compressor that will provide sufficient CFM (*Cubic Feet Per Minute*) volume of air to the Blast Nozzle and all other pneumatic tools, with an additional 50% to allow for Nozzle wear.

AIR & BLAST HOSE:

- Inspect all Hoses for internal and external wear, abrasions and leaks.
- Lay out Blast Hose and Blast Hose as straight as possible to remove restrictions which cause reduced performance and premature wear.
- Blast Hose I.D. should be 3-4 times the size of Nozzle orifice.
- Blast Hose and Air Hose Couplings are to mate securely using Gaskets to provide a positive seal without leaks. Inspect and replace any worn or damaged component before use.
- Install Safety Clips and Safety Cables at each connection.

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING:

- Wear appropriate Protective Clothing and Equipment (*supplied-air respirator, blast suit, safety shoes, leather gloves, ear protection and eye protection*) appropriate for the work environment.



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